

Hytrel® 3078 BK176

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Common features of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer include mechanical and physical properties such as exceptional toughness and resilience, high resistance to creep, impact and flex fatigue, flexibility at low temperatures and good retention of properties at elevated temperatures. In addition, it resists many industrial chemicals, oils and solvents. Special grades include heat stabilised, flame retardant, food contact compliant, blow molding and extrusion grades. Concentrates offered include black pigments, UV protection additives, heat stabilisers, and flame retardants.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer is plasticiser free.

The good melt stability of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations. For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer typically is used in demanding applications in the automotive, fluid power, electrical/electronic, consumer goods, appliance and power tool, sporting goods, furniture, industrial and off-road transportation/equipment industry.

Hytrel® 3078 BK176 is a very low modulus grade, with nominal hardness of 30D. It can be processed by many conventional thermoplastic processing techniques like injection molding and extrusion.

Typical mechanical properties

Stress at 10% strain	1.9 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at 50% strain, 1BA	4.2 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at break	20 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Nominal strain at break	600 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break	>300 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	N kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	N kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Shore D hardness, 15s	25	ISO 48-4 / ISO 868
Shore D hardness, max	27	ISO 868
Tear strength, parallel	80 kN/m	ISO 34-1
Tear strength, normal	80 kN/m	ISO 34-1

Thermal properties

Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 10N	81 °C	ISO 306
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Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	1.6 mm	IEC 60695-11-10

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Injection

Drying Recommended	yes
Drying Temperature	80 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.08 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	205 °C
Min. melt temperature	190 °C
Max. melt temperature	210 °C
Mold Temperature Optimum	30 °C
Min. mould temperature	30 °C
Max. mould temperature	40 °C

Extrusion

Drying Temperature	70 - 90 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.06 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	200 °C
Melt Temperature Range	190 - 205 °C

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding, Film Extrusion, Extrusion, Sheet Extrusion, Other Extrusion, Coatable, Calendering, Casting, Thermoforming
Delivery form	Pellets
Special characteristics	Light stabilised or stable to light

Additional information

Profile extrusion

PREPROCESSING

Drying temperature = 80 °C
Drying time, dehumidified dryer = 2-3 h
Processing moisture content = <0.06 %

PROCESSING

Melt temperature optimum = 200 °C
Melt temperature range = 190-205 °C

Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23 °C
- ✗ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23 °C

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- ✗ Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

- ✗ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

- ✗ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✗ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ✗ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

Standard Fuels

- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 1 - E5, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 - M15E4, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 - M3E7, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 4 - M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ✗ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- ✗ Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- ✗ DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ✗ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C

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- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23 °C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23 °C
- ✓ Water, 23 °C
- ✓ Water, 90 °C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23 °C

Symbols used:

- ✓ possibly resistant
Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).
- ✗ not recommended - see explanation
Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).